

Progress Toward Climate Resilience in Peru

National System for Disaster Risk Management (SINAGERD) created to comprehensively address disaster risk	regions incorporate into local o plans and green inf measures to	munities in 5 s begin to e climate risk development implement rastructure o increase dry er availability*	of Env incorpo change risl into the ma for Public	d the Minis vironment rate climate k managem	stry e ent uide	initiated of Enviro supp USAI NA	process by Mini	stry vith	Nation Detern Contrib (ND appro	nined oution C)	I.8 r US \$ hom hea for Cha	nillion 8 billio es, roa Ith cer Recor anges o	people on in da ids, sch iters; A istructi created	nore than e, causing amage to lools, and uthority on with I to lead efforts	Ch Ch app a fi Sc	mate ange aw roved, rst in puth perica
0 2011		2014	•	2015	(20	16	٢	Q	20 I	7 🖕	•		2018	Ó
Change Strategy ²	ClimateAction PlanInvestment Projects (PIPs)Third NationalChangeon Genderfocused on climate resilientCommunicationStrategyand Climatewater & sanitation, restorationto the						National weather and water data agencies connected in an online "observatory" to provide real-time environmental, hydrological, socio-economic and risk management data to local water managers*						ect launcheo nd meet wa infrastructu and forest ed grazing a nd restorin	d to ter ure Ind		
														*US/	AID funded	activity
With three disti altitudes (Pacific and Amazon rain risks including si temperatures ar floods and drou of the country's the coast, and 8 practicing subsis Peru is vulnerab	c coast, Andes hi nforest) Peru fac ea level rise, risi nd increased inci ghts. With more population loca 0 percent of far stence, rainfed ag	ghlands ces climate ng idence of than half ited along mers griculture,						is sup build At	the clint	d meas imate i Si 12 natio capacity	resilionne 2	le im ence 2014. d loca	of pe	ement cople in		
variability. Key climate imp		a de la compañía de la				adata 👘				101				bal clima		

reduced water supply, damage to infrastructure, and increased range of vector-borne disease.





to adapt to the impacts of climate variability and change